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EXTRAORDINARY

PART I—Section 1

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MINISTRY OF COMMERCE & INDUSTRY

PUBLIC NOTICES

EXPORT TRADE CONTROL—U.K. LICENSING

New Delhi, the 18th November 1961

SUBJECT.—*Inter-Industry Agreement regarding export of cotton textiles to the United Kingdom.*

No. P.N.(U.K. LICENSING)/2 of 1961.—Attention of all exporters of Cotton Textiles to the United Kingdom is drawn to the Public Notice No. P.N. (U.K. Licensing)/1 of 1961, dated the 12th October, 1961, giving the details of the licensing procedure.

2. Intending exporters are required to submit applications in the first instance to the Cotton Textiles Export Promotion Council, in terms of their circular letter No. UKL/CIR, dated the 27th September, 1961, who after scrutiny of the applications will issue the appropriate Quota Certificate or other recommendatory letter. Thereafter, holders of the Quota Certificate should submit applications accompanied by such Quota Certificate etc., to the Joint Chief Controller of Imports and Exports, Bombay, who will issue the necessary licence. The licence fee according to the prescribed schedule should be paid at the time of submitting the application for licence to the Joint Chief Controller of Imports and Exports, Bombay.

3. Licences will be valid for shipment from all Ports in India. In order to facilitate shipment, applicants may indicate in their application the approximate quantities which they expect to export through the different Ports. At the time of the issue of the licence, the Joint Chief Controller of Imports and Exports, Bombay, will specify the quantities which will be permitted for shipment through the various Ports as desired by the applicant.

4. When a consignment covering the whole or part of the licence is ready for actual shipment, the exporter should submit the necessary shipping documents along with the export licence to the customs authority at the Port from which shipment is to be effected. After the documents have been initially passed by the customs, they should be submitted to the export authorities at the Port who will debit the licence with the quantity covered by the shipping documents. In the case of made-up garments the approved formula as described in para 6 below will be used for debiting the appropriate square yardage against the licence. The Export authorities will also verify and sign the certificate of shipment referred to in paragraph 5. Thereafter the documents will be re-submitted to the Customs for effecting shipment.

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5. Along with the shipping bill, the exporter should also submit in duplicate a certificate in the enclosed form. While passing the shipping bill the export control authority at the Port will verify this certificate with the particulars given in shipping documents and duly sign both the copies of the certificate. When the documents are then produced to the customs for effecting shipment, this certificate will be countersigned by the customs and returned to the exporter. One copy of this certificate should be despatched to the consignee in the United Kingdom for submission to the customs in the U.K. on the arrival of the goods.

6. Licences will be required for export to the U.K. not only of cotton textiles in the piece but also of made-up garments etc. At the time of the export, the square yards covered by the made-up garments etc., will have to be debited to the licence. To enable the Export authorities to do this, it would be necessary for the exporters to submit statements to the Export authorities well in advance of the shipments, giving the specifications of the made-up garments etc., and the formula for converting them into square yardage. This formula will thereupon be verified by the Export authorities and at the time of actual exports, licences will be debited with the square yardage as arrived at on the basis of the formula.

7. Exporters who desire to obtain any further information may apply to the Cotton Textiles Export Promotion Council, Bombay.

Certificate of Export of Cotton Piecegoods to the U. K.

Exporter's Name Address Port of Shipment

Name of the Vessel S.S.	Master or Agents	Colours	Port at which goods to be discharged
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Details of goods to be given separately for each class or description

Export Licence No. and Date	Quantity licenced for export	Shipping Bill No. and Date	Quantity on the Shipping Bill		Description of the goods	Country of final destination
			Unit	Amount		

Certified that the consignment of was
permitted for export under Shipping Bill
No. Dated by ss.

I/We hereby declare the particulars given
above to be true.

Signature of the Export Control Officer

Signature of the Exporter or his Authorised
Agents.

Place:
Date

Place:
Date

Counter Signature of Customs Officer

Place:
Date

IMPORT TRADE CONTROL

New Delhi, the 16th November 1961

SUBJECT.—Import of (i) "Fruits" all sorts, excluding coconuts and cashew-nuts, fresh, dried, salted or preserved, *n.o.s.*, and excluding dates (S. No. 21(a)/IV), (ii) Asafoetida (S. No. 31/V), (iii) Cumin Seeds and (iv) Medicinal herbs from Afghanistan.

No. 123-ITC(PN)/61.—Attention of the importers is invited to the Import Trade Control Policy Book (Red Book) for the period October, 1961—March, 1962, wherein it has been provided that import of fruits all sorts excluding coconuts and cashewnuts, fresh, dried, salted or preserved *n.o.s.* and excluding dates (S. No. 21(a)/IV) will be allowed to be imported from Afghanistan on an *ad hoc* basis.

2. With a view to maintaining the traditional pattern of trade between India and Afghanistan, and in terms of the arrangements recently agreed to between the two countries, it has been decided to permit for the Trade Agreement period 1st October, 1961 to 30th September, 1962, import of fruits (dried and fresh) falling under S. No. 21(a)/IV, asafoetida falling under S. No. 31/V, cumin seeds falling under S. No. 37/IV, and medicinal herbs (as per list appended) from Afghanistan on an *ad hoc* basis through approved importers which category will include those who have participated in the Indo-Afghan trade in these commodities during the four years ending the 30th June, 1958, and who have already been registered as "approved importers". Those approved importers, whose names have been de-registered, will not be eligible for any permits.

3. Applications in the prescribed form, for the import of fruits (dried and fresh), asafoetida, cumin seeds and medicinal herbs from the approved importers will be considered as and when received and permits will be issued on an *ad hoc* basis. The applications should be supported by evidence of contracts made with the exporters in Afghanistan, showing the names of the exporters in Afghanistan and the quantity and price at which the contract has been made. The evidence of despatch of goods from Afghanistan, such as, transit certificates granted by the Afghan authorities and Railway or Air Freight receipts etc., should also accompany the applications.

4. It should be noted that imports will be allowed within a limited monetary ceiling and in no case imports in excess of the ceiling will be allowed. In order that the trade may move smoothly and that there is no congestion of goods and no dislocation of transportation facilities, importers are advised in their own interest to arrange for the imports of items covered by this Public Notice in an orderly way and not to rush to import heavy quantities at the same time. Importers are also advised that quantities of goods imported by them should have a reasonable correlation with the export performance during the current Trade Agreement period. If it is noticed at any time during the year that there is a rush to import heavy amount of goods by some parties without correspondingly proportionate exports to their credit, issue of Customs Clearance Permits to such parties by the Licensing Authorities may be suspended.

5. Imports will be effected by the approved importers subject to the following conditions:—

- (a) Payment for fruits (dried and fresh), asafoetida, cumin seeds and medicinal herbs will be made by importers in accordance with E.P. and E.P.I. procedures prescribed by the Reserve Bank of India.

The importer, while applying for Customs Clearance Permits would be required to give an undertaking for effecting exports to counter-balance imports. If exports equal to the value of imports are not made by 30th September, 1962, or within eight months from the date of clearance of goods from Indian Customs, whichever is earlier, he would be required to deposit within a period of one month in the Special Rupee Account an amount equal to the value by which the exports from India fall short of imports from Afghanistan. Should his exports from 1st August, 1961 to 30th September, 1962, fall short of 75 per cent of the value of his imports from Afghanistan, he would be de-registered from the list of approved importers.

- (c) A monthly report of the goods imported shall be submitted to the licensing authority concerned.

- (d) A similar monthly report of the goods exported under E.P. or E.P.I. arrangements shall also be furnished to the concerned licensing authority, and
- (e) Each approved importer will be required to give separately a bond on stamped paper in the prescribed form for effecting exports to counter-balance imports as required by the licensing authority and will be given a pass book in which the account of his import/export performance will be maintained.

6. No additional permits on an advance basis will be issued as per the provisions of Public Notice No. 96-ITC(PN)/61, dated the 4th August, 1961, and Public Notice No. 106-ITC(PN)/61 dated the 20th September, 1961. Permits already issued will, however, continue to remain valid and importers if they so choose may utilise them for import of goods from Afghanistan during the period of the validity of the permits. In no circumstances, however, the validity of these permits will be extended.

7. Importers of asafoetida and cumin seeds should ensure that imports of these two items should be as per the standards specified in the Prevention of Food Adulteration Rules, 1955.

List of 'Medicinal Herbs' which can be imported from Afghanistan into India.

English.

Vernacular Equivalents.

1. Hysop.	Zoofa
2. Rose Flower (dried).	Gule Golab.
3. Bugloss (Borage).	Gule Gawzaban.
4. Quince seed.	Beh-Danna.
5. White and red Behmen (Urdu).	Behman Safid wa Sorkh.
6. Jujube.	Onaab.
7. Ratanjot (Hindi).	Yarlang.
8. Mannaa.	Turanjabeen.
9. Dorconcum.	Darawenj.
10. Manna (taken from Atraphaxis Spinosa)	Sheer-kesht.
11. Liquorice (Mulathi).	Shireen Boia.
12. Wild Carrot.	Shakakul.

SUBJECT:—Import policy for Drugs and Medicines (S. No. 87, 109/IV)—Inclusion of "Primidone" in List I (Essential List) of Appendix 19 to the Red Book for October, 1961—March, 1962 licensing period.

No. 124-ITC(PN)/61.—Attention of importers is invited to List I (Essential List) of Appendix 19 to the current Red Book which contains a number of Drugs and Medicines which can be imported against the quota licences for Drugs and Medicines (Sr. No. 87, 109/IV).

2. It has been decided that the drug "Primidone" may be deemed to have been included in List I of Appendix 19 to the current Red Book at the appropriate place.

SUBJECT:—Import policy for Refined sulphur (S. No. 25(a)/V) during October, 1961—March, 1962 licensing period.

No. 125-ITC(PN)/61.—Attention of importers is invited to remark (i) against S. No. 25(a)/V in Section II of the Red Book for October, 1961—March, 1962 licensing period in which it has been stated that quota licences for Refined sulphur (S. No. 25(a)/V) will be valid for imports from U.S.A. only and that the procedure to be followed for import from U.S.A. will be indicated separately.

2. The position has been reviewed and it has been decided that quota licences for import of Refined sulphur (S. No. 25(a)/V) will be granted for import from the 'General Area' and will not be restricted to imports from U.S.A. only.

3. Established importers should submit their applications for quota licences for Refined sulphur (S. No. 25(a)/V) in the usual form and manner to the licensing authorities at ports by the 31st January, 1962.

SUBJECT:—*Import policy for Zinc or spelter, unwrought in the form of ingots, cake, tile, slab and plate (S. No. 44/I) during October, 1961—March, 1962—March, 1962 licensing period.*

No. 126-ITC(PN)/61.—Attention of importers is invited to remark (ii) against S. No. 44/I in Section II of the Red Book for October, 1961—March, 1962 licensing period, in which it was stated that quota licences for this item will be valid for imports from U.S.A. only and that the procedure to be followed for imports against quota licences will be indicated separately.

2. The position has been reviewed and it has been decided that quota licences to established importers for import of Zinc unwrought in the form of ingots, cake, tile, slab and plate (S. No. 44/I) will be granted for import from 'General Area' and will not be restricted to imports from U.S.A. only. The provisions contained in remarks (iii), (iv), (v), (vi), (vii) and (ix) against S. No. 44/I in the current Red Book will remain applicable to quota licences to be granted for S. No. 44/I from the 'General Area'.

3. Established Importers should submit their applications for quota licences for import of this item in the usual form and manner to the licensing authorities at the ports by the 31st January, 1962.

K. T. SATARAWALA,

Chief Controller of Imports & Exports.

